## Units 10 and 11: Linear Systems and Matrices Review

<u>10.1</u>: Solving Systems of Equations

• Solving systems of equations using substitution

1. 
$$\begin{aligned} x - 3y &= -3\\ x^2 + 6y &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

10.2: Systems of Linear Equations in Two Variables

• Solving systems of equations using elimination

2. 
$$2x + 15y = 4$$
$$x - 3y = 23$$

10.3: Multivariable Linear Systems

• Solving systems of three equations and three variables or four equations and four variables.

$$4x - y + 5z = 4$$
  
3. 
$$2x + y - z = 0$$
$$2x + 4y + 8z = 0$$

$$x - y - z = 0$$
  
4.  $2x + 4y + z = 0$   
 $3x + y - z = 0$ 

- 11.1: Matrices and Systems of Equations
  - Using elementary row operations on an augmented matrix to produce row echelon form or reduced row echelon form of a matrix
  - Using Gaussian elimination or Gauss-Jordan elimination to solve a system using matrices.

$$x+3z=-5$$
  
5.  $2x + y = 0$  (Make sure to fill in appropriate zeros.)  
 $3x + y - z = 3$ 

## <u>11.2</u>: Operations with Matrices

• Matrix addition, scalar multiplication, and matrix multiplication

6. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (Multiply)

7. 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 \\ -4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $3A - 5B$ 

<u>11.3</u>: The Inverse of a Square Matrix

- Find the inverse of a square matrix if it exists
- Use the inverse matrix to solve systems of equations

8.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 & 5 \\ 6 & 10 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the inverse if it exists

9. Use the inverse from #8 to solve the following system of equations 3x + 6y + 5z = -36x + 10y + 8z = 1 <u>11.4</u>: The Determinant of a Square Matrix; Applications of Matrices and Determinants

- Finding the determinant of a 2x2 or 3x3 matrix without using the calculator
- Finding the determinant of larger square matrices using the graphing calculator
- Find the area of a triangle using determinants given the coordinates of its vertices
- Use Cramer's Rule to solve a system of linear equations

10. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find the determinant

11. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 5 & 9 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find the determinant

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 4 & 3 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 7 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 9 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find the determinant

13. Use a determinant to find the area of the triangle with vertices (0,7), (5,0), and (3,9).

$$3x + z = 1$$
14. Use Cramer's Rule to solve the system  $y + 4z = 3$  (Remember to fill in appropriate  $x - y = 2$   
zeros)

1. x = -1,  $y = \frac{2}{3}$ **2.** x = 17, y = -2**3.**  $x = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $y = \frac{-3}{4}$ ,  $z = \frac{1}{4}$ 4.  $x = \frac{1}{2}a$ ,  $y = \frac{-1}{2}a$ , z = a5.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ , x = 1, y = -2, z = -2 $6. \quad \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -12 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ 7.  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 13 \\ -27 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ 8.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -3 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & -\frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ 9.  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{11}{2} \\ -\frac{2}{3} \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $x = \frac{11}{2}$ , y = -2,  $z = -\frac{3}{2}$ 10. 27 11. 74 12. 540 13. 15.5 square units 14.  $x = -\frac{1}{11}, y = -\frac{23}{11}, z = \frac{14}{11}$